

Listing of the Claims:

The following is a complete listing of all the claims in the application, with an indication of the status of each:

1 Claim 1 (Currently Amended). A method of processing composite waste
2 including combustibles and incombustibles, the composite waste having an
3 outer dimension, comprising:

4 a press process for pressing the composite waste to decrease the
5 outer dimension of the composite waste; and

6 a dry distillation process for performing dry distillation on the
7 pressed composite waste.

1 Claim 2 (Currently Amended). The method as claimed in claim 1, further
2 comprising:

3 a shredding process for shredding the composite waste that has
4 been pressed and has undergone dry distillation; and

5 a separating process for separating the shredded composite waste
6 into combustible carbide and incombustibles.

1 Claim 3 (Currently Amended). The method as claimed in claim 2, wherein
2 the shredding process is divided into two steps comprising:

3 a first step in which a coarse shredding is performed; and

4 — a second step in which a fine shredding is performed.

1 Claim 4 (Original). The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the
2 composite waste is a body of a car, seats and ornamental materials inside
3 the car.

1 Claim 5 (Original). The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the
2 composite waste is a body a car, seats and ornamental materials inside the

3 car, the pressed composite waste being formed in a rectangular
4 parallelepiped shape.

1 Claim 6 (New). A method of processing a waste car body including
2 combustibles and incombustibles, comprising:
3 dismantling engine, battery, tires, fuel tank and suspension from the
4 waste car body;
5 pressing said car body in three directions: top-to-bottom, left-to-
6 right, and front-to-rear, forming a rectangular parallelepiped block;
7 performing a dry distillation process of said rectangular
8 parallelepiped block in which solid organic matter is broken down
9 resulting in residuals;
10 performing a coarse shredding of said residuals in order to separate
11 glass and carbide produced by said dry distillation step;
12 performing a fine shredding of said residuals from which glass and
13 carbide have been separated; and
14 separating metals from fine shredded pieces of said residuals.

1 Claim 7 (New). The method of processing a waste car body recited in
2 claim 6, wherein the separated metals include iron, aluminum, stainless
3 steel and copper.

1 Claim 8 (New). The method of processing a waste car body recited in
2 claim 6, wherein the dry distillation process is carried out in a non-
3 reducing atmosphere under a temperature ranging from 200–650°C.

1 Claim 9 (New). The method of processing a waste car body recited in
2 claim 6, wherein multiple rectangular parallelepiped blocks are
3 simultaneously subject to said dry distillation process in a common
4 distillation pot.